

Venezuela - Monagas

Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

Fact Sheet • • • • •



The Venezuela Monagas GYTS, includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Venezuela could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program. The Venezuela Monagas GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 6 - 8, conducted in 2003.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Venezuela Monagas region. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 91.6%, and the overall response rate was 91.6%. A total of 2,068 students participated in the Venezuela Monagas GYTS.

Prevalence

- 9.2% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 10.5%, Girl = 7.4%)
- 9.8% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 13.0%, Girl = 6.4%)
- 4.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 4.4%, Girl = 3.3%)
- 7.0% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 10.1%, Girl = 3.7%)
- 11.9% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Knowledge and Attitudes

- 11.2% think boys and 10.5% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 6.8% think boys and 5.5% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

- 29.7% usually smoke at home
- 41.7% buy cigarettes in a store

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

- 33.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 38.3% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 85.3% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 61.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 34.8% have one or more parents who smoke
- 7.1% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

- 77.2% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

- 80.4% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 71.8% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 70.8% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 10.0% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 9.8% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

- 38.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 24.9% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 42.7% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

This is the second GYTS done in Monagas State, Venezuela.

- 1 in 10 students currently use any form of tobacco; 4% currently smoke cigarettes; 7% currently use some other form of tobacco mostly Chimó.
- ETS exposure is high – One third of the students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Almost 4 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; one third of the students have parents who smoke.
- 6 of 10 of students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Three quarters of the students who currently smoke have ever received help to quit smoking.
- 8 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; Over 7 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.

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